

Abstract

Subject of the thesis: Russian - Turkish economic relations: current state and development prospects.

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Relevance of the research topic. In recent years, Turkish-Russian relations have undergone major changes, and the current trends in their development need to be understood. Russian strong raw material potential and Turkish unique geographical position make them natural partners in the world energy trade. However, the internal problems of Russia and Turkey, instability in the region, the US and the EU intervention– all this complicates Turkish-Russian relations. Changes in the situation around the world energy problem, occurring literally every day, make the theme of the thesis research relevant both in terms of operational collection of disparate information, and in terms of attempts to understand and predict the world energy situation.

The purpose of the research is to analyze the Turkish-Russian economic relations in the XX-XXI centuries, the problems and prospects of their development.

Research Objectives:

- to study the history of relations between Russia and Turkey;
- to identify the main directions of economic relations between Russia and Turkey;
- to analyze trade and economic relations between Russia and Turkey;
- to identify the problems and prospects of Russian-Turkish economic cooperation.

The scientific novelty of the research is a comprehensive study and analysis of theoretical and practical aspects of modern, up to the present moment, economic cooperation between Russia and Turkey, primarily in the field of energy.

The structure of the work consists of introduction, two chapters, which include four paragraphs each, a conclusion, a 78-reference bibliography (16 of them are in foreign languages) and an attachment. The total volume is 60 pages.

Summary

Turkey is one of the oldest trade partners of Russia. Over the years, the relations have developed certain traditions, a good legal framework. One of the factors that contributed to the growth of bilateral trade in the 1990s was the signing in 1984 between the Republic of Turkey and the USSR the agreement on natural

gas supplies to Turkey, under which, as well as under other international treaties of the USSR, the Russian Federation acted as the successor.

However, the historical perception of each other and the different strategic challenges facing the two countries make the process of cooperation complex and ambiguous. The internal problems of Russia and Turkey, the instability in the region, the intervention of the US and the EU, the fear of developed countries that do not have their energy potential, to get into economic dependence on energy exporters and transistors – all this further complicates Turkish-Russian relations.