

Summary

Topic: Improving the practice of public participation in local government: a comparative analysis of the Russian Federation and the Azerbaijan Republic

Author: Efendiyev E.A.

Supervisor: Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences, Associate Professor of the Department of Creative Innovation Management and Law D. S. Chekmenev

The relevance is caused, first of all, by the general systemic value of ensuring the effective participation of citizens in public administration, including the participation of the population in local self-government. Without this, the public administration system and local government cannot be effective and efficient.

The purpose of the study is to comprehensively summarize the theoretical and practical aspects of organizing public participation in local self-government in the Russian Federation and the Republic of Azerbaijan and to develop, based on the synthesis and systematization of the best practices of these two countries, practice-oriented recommendations aimed at improving civil participatory mechanisms in the system of local self-government as an institution of democracy. .

The implementation of the goal set in this final qualifying work involves the solution of the following scientific and practical **tasks:**

- to detail the system of organization of public authority, specify its models, single out the levels, and also generalize the forms of participation of the population in it;

- to analyze the competence of local governments as the subject field of public participation in solving local issues;

- summarize the institutional features of electoral systems as a way of participation of the population in the formation of local governments;

- consider the institution of public control in the system of local self-government.

- consider e-government as a form of participatory inclusion of the population in solving local issues and obtaining municipal services;

- identify and justify the main directions of improving the practice of public participation in local government.

The object of the research is the institution of local self-government as the level of organization of public authority in the Russian Federation and the Azerbaijan Republic.

The subject of the research is the organizational and managerial relations that are taking shape in connection with the organization of public participation in local self-government in the Russian Federation and in the Azerbaijan Republic.

The main results of the study, firstly, it received a comprehensive theoretical generalization of such issues as: the specification of the system of organization of public authority, the specification of its current models and levels, the generalization of the forms of participation of the population in it;

systematization of the competence of local governments as a subject field of public participation in solving local issues; generalization of the institutional features of electoral systems as a way of participation of the population in the formation of local government bodies; analysis of the institute of public control in the system of local self-government of the Russian Federation and Azerbaijan generalization of organizational and managerial features of e-government as a form of participatory inclusion of the population in solving local issues.

Recommendations. To improve the practice of public participation in local government in the work, two principal directions are proposed;

1. Development of inter-municipal partnership between municipalities of the Russian Federation and the Republic of Azerbaijan;

2. Development of youth consultative and advisory bodies with the participation of youth representatives of the Russian Federation and the Republic of Azerbaijan.